



**S136-12**

# North American specification for the design of cold-formed steel structural members

*Approved in Canada by CSA Group and in the United States by the American Iron and Steel Institute, and endorsed in Mexico by CANACERO*



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# CSA Preface

This is the eighth edition of CSA S136, *North American specification for the design of cold-formed steel structural members* (NASPEC). It supersedes the previous editions published in 2007, 2001, 1994, 1989, 1984, 1974, and 1963. This edition is a harmonized Standard intended for use in Canada, the United States, and Mexico.

The NASPEC was developed jointly by CSA's Technical Committee on Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members and the American Iron and Steel Institute's Committee on Specifications. This effort was coordinated through the North American Specification Committee, which consisted of six members, three from the CSA Technical Committee and three from the AISI Committee. A detailed summary of the development of the Standard can be found in the joint preface to the North American Specification.

This Standard was reviewed for use in Canada by the CSA Technical Committee on Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members, under the jurisdiction of the CSA Strategic Steering Committee on Construction and Civil Infrastructure, and has been formally approved by the CSA Technical Committee.

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- (1) *Use of the singular does not exclude the plural (and vice versa) when the sense allows.*
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  - (c) *wording of the proposed change; and*
  - (d) *rationale for the change.*



AISI S100-12



## **AISI STANDARD**

# **North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members**

2012 EDITION

Approved in Canada by the CSA Group

Endorsed in Mexico by CANACERO



The material contained herein has been developed by a joint effort of the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI) Committee on Specifications, CSA Group Technical Committee on Cold Formed Steel Structural Members (S136), and Camara Nacional de la Industria del Hierro y del Acero (CANACERO) in Mexico. The organizations and the Committees have made a diligent effort to present accurate, reliable, and useful information on cold-formed steel design. The Committees acknowledge and are grateful for the contributions of the numerous researchers, engineers, and others who have contributed to the body of knowledge on the subject. Specific references are included in the *Commentary on the Specification*.

With anticipated improvements in understanding of the behavior of cold-formed steel and the continuing development of new technology, this material may eventually become dated. It is anticipated that future editions of this specification will update this material as new information becomes available, but this cannot be guaranteed.

The materials set forth herein are for general information only. They are not a substitute for competent professional advice. Application of this information to a specific project should be reviewed by a registered professional engineer. Indeed, in most jurisdictions, such review is required by law. Anyone making use of the information set forth herein does so at their own risk and assumes any and all resulting liability arising therefrom.

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
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## PREFACE

The *North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members*, as its name implies, is intended for use throughout Canada, Mexico, and the United States. This *Specification* supersedes the 2007 and previous editions of the *North American Cold-Formed Steel Specification*, the previous editions of the *Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members* published by the American Iron and Steel Institute, and the previous editions of CSA S136, *Cold Formed Steel Structural Members*, published by CSA Group.

The *Specification* was developed by a joint effort of the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI) Committee on Specifications, CSA Technical Committee on Cold Formed Steel Structural Members (S136), and Camara Nacional de la Industria del Hierro y del Acero (CANACERO) in Mexico. This effort was coordinated through the North American Specification Committee, which was made up of members from the AISI Committee on Specifications and the CSA S136 Committee.

Since the *Specification* is intended for use in Canada, Mexico, and the United States, it was necessary to develop a format that would allow for requirements particular to each country. This resulted in a main document, Chapters A through G and Appendices 1 and 2, that is intended for use in all three countries, and two country-specific appendices (A and B). Appendix A is for use in both the United States and Mexico, and Appendix B is for use in Canada. A symbol ( **A,B**) is used in the main document to point out that additional provisions are provided in the corresponding appendices indicated by the letters.

This *Specification* provides an integrated treatment of *Allowable Strength Design (ASD)*, *Load and Resistance Factor Design (LRFD)*, and *Limit States Design (LSD)*. This is accomplished by including the appropriate *resistance factors* ( $\phi$ ) for use with *LRFD* and *LSD* and the appropriate *safety factors* ( $\Omega$ ) for use with *ASD*. It should be noted that the use of *LSD* is limited to Canada and the use of *ASD* and *LRFD* is limited to the United States and Mexico.

The *Specification* also contains some terminology that is defined differently in Canada, the United States, and Mexico. These differences are set out in Section A1.3, "Definitions." In the *Specification*, the terms that are specifically applicable to *LSD* are included in square brackets.

The *Specification* provides well-defined procedures for the design of load-carrying cold-formed steel members in buildings, as well as other applications, provided that proper allowances are made for dynamic effects. The provisions reflect the results of continuing research to develop new and improved information on the structural behavior of cold-formed steel members. The success of these efforts is evident in the wide acceptance of the previous editions of the *Specification* developed by AISI and CSA Group.

The AISI and CSA consensus committees responsible for developing these provisions provide a balanced forum, with representatives of steel producers, fabricators, users, educators, researchers, and building code regulators. They are composed of engineers with a wide range of experience and high professional standing from throughout Canada and the United States. AISI, CSA Group, and CANACERO acknowledge the continuing dedication of the members of the specifications committees and their subcommittees. The membership of these committees follows this Preface.

The major technical changes made in this edition of the *Specification* compared to the previous edition are summarized below.

#### *Materials*

- Material standard ASTM A1063 is added.
- All referenced ASTM material standards are reorganized in accordance with the ranges of the minimum specified elongation.

#### *Elements*

- Section B1.3, *Corner Radius-to-Thickness Ratios*, is added, which limits the applicability of the design provisions in Chapter B to members with corner radius-to-*thickness* ratio not exceeding 10.
- Section B2.5, *Uniformly Compressed Elements Restrained by Intermittent Connections*, is added, which determines the *effective widths* of multiple flute built-up members.

#### *Members*

- Country-specific provisions on tension member design (Section C2) are unified and moved from Appendices A and B to the main body of the *Specification*.
- Revisions are made in Section C3.1.1, such that the *resistance factor* for bending is the same for stiffened, partially stiffened, or unstiffened compression *flanges*.
- The simplified provisions for determining *distortional buckling strength* of C- or Z-section beams (Section C3.1.4) and columns (Section C4.2) are moved to the *Commentary*.
- The reduction factor, as given in Section C3.6, for combined bending and torsional loading is revised.

#### *Built-Up Section Members*

- Clarifications are made to Section D1.1, *Flexural Members Composed of Two Back-to-Back C-Sections*.

#### *Member Bracing*

- Sections D3 and D3.1 are revised for clarifications.
- Section D3.3 is revised to be consistent with the AISC bracing design provisions. The *second-order analysis* is now permitted to determine the *required bracing strength*.

#### *Wall Stud and Wall Stud Assemblies*

- Reference to nonstructural members is removed from Section D4.
- Reference to AISI S213, *North American Cold-Formed Steel Framing Standard—Lateral*, is moved from Section D4 in Appendix A to the main body of the *Specification*.

#### *Metal Roof and Wall System*

- The following applicability requirements in Section D6.1.1 are revised or added: member depth, depth to *flange* width ratio, *flange* width, and ratio of *tensile strength* to design *yield stress*.
- Clarification is made to Section D6.2.1a regarding the application of the 0.67 factor

specifically to clips, fasteners and standing seam roof panels.

#### *Connections*

- The whole chapter is reorganized with the rupture check consolidated to Section E6. In addition, the following provisions are added or revised:
  - New provisions (Section E2.2.4) on combined shear and tension on arc spot welds are added.
  - New provisions (Section E2.4) on top arc seam sidelap welds are added.
  - Section E2.6, Flare Groove Welds, is revised to be consistent with the provisions in AWS D1.1-2006.
  - Section E3, Bolted Connections, is revised with added provisions for alternative short-slotted holes, applicable to *connections* where the deformation of the hole is not a consideration and the bolt diameter equals 1/2 in.
  - Table E3.4-1, Nominal Tensile and Shear Strengths for Bolts, in Appendix A is revised to be consistent with the values provided in ANSI/AISC 360.
  - New provisions (Section E4.5) are added for screw combined shear and pull-over, combined shear and pull out, and combined shear and tension in screws.
  - New provisions (Section E5) on power-actuated fasteners are added.
  - The reduction factor due to staggered hole patterns is eliminated in Section E6.

#### *Tests*

- Determination of *available strength* [*factored resistance*] by evaluation of a *rational engineering analysis* model via verification tests is added.

#### *Appendix 1*

- The geometric and material limitations of pre-qualified columns and beams for using the *safety and resistance factors* defined in Sections 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 are expanded.
- Provisions for determining the flexural and compressive strength of perforated members are added in Sections 1.2.1 and 1.2.2.1.
- Provisions for determining the *web* shear strength using the *Direct Strength Method* approach are added as Section 1.2.2.2.
- Provisions for considering beam or column reserve capacity are added in Section 1.2.2.1.

#### *Appendix 2*

- For braced members, the requirement to meet the specified maximum-out-of-straightness is added.

Users of the *Specification* are encouraged to offer comments and suggestions for improvement.

American Iron and Steel Institute  
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November 2012

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J. K. Crews	Unarco Material Handling
D. A. Cuoco	Thornton Tomasetti, Inc.
L. R. Daudet	Simpson Strong-Tie
J. M. DeFreese	Consolidated Systems, Inc.
D. Delaney	Flynn Canada Ltd.
W. S. Easterling	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University
N. Eshwar	ClarkDietrich Building Systems
J. Fisher	CSA Group
J. M. Fisher	Consultant
D. Fox	iSPAN Systems LP
S. R. Fox	Canadian Sheet Steel Building Institute
D. Fulton	Triangle Fastener Corporation
P. Gignac	Les Constructions CMI
R. S. Glauz	SPX Cooling Technologies
W. Gould	Hilti, Inc.
P. S. Green	Bechtel Power Corporation
W. B. Hall	University of Illinois
G. J. Hancock	University of Sydney
A. J. Harrold	Butler Manufacturing Company
R. B. Haws	Nucor Corporation
D. Johnson	Whirlwind Steel Buildings
D. L. Johnson	Maus Engineering
R. C. Kaehler	Computerized Structural Design, S.C.
W. E. Kile	Structuneering Inc.
C. Kinney	Super Stud Building Products, Inc.
R. A. LaBoube	Wei-Wen Yu Center for Cold-Formed Steel Structures
T. J. Lawson	ClarkDietrich Building Systems
Y. Li	Tongji University
L. D. Luttrell	Luttrell Engineering, PLLC
M. K. Madugula	University of Windsor
R. L. Madsen	Supreme Steel Framing System Association
B. Mandelzys	Steelrite
B. E. Manley	American Iron and Steel Institute
J. R. Martin	Verco Docking, Inc.
J. P. Matsen	Matsen Ford Design Associates, Inc.

J. A. Mattingly	Consultant
S. S. McCavour	IRC McCavour Engineering Inc.
B. McGloughlin	MBA Building Supplies
W. McRoy	ICC Evaluation Service, Inc.
A. Merchant	FRAMECAD Americas, Inc.
C. Moen	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University
F. Morello	M.I.C. Industries, Inc.
J. A. Moses	LiteSteel Technologies America, LLC
J. R. U. Mujagic	Consulting Structural Engineer
T. M. Murray	Consultant
J. D. Musselwhite	ICC Evaluation Service, LLC
R. V. Nunna	S. B. Barnes Associates
J. N. Nunnery	Consultant
R. Paullus	National Council of Structural Engineers Association
T. B. Peköz	Consultant
D. Polyzois	University of Manitoba
J. J. Pote	New Millennium Building Systems
N. A. Rahman	The Steel Network, Inc.
G. Ralph	ClarkDietrich Building Systems
C. Rogers	McGill University
V. E. Sagan	Wiss, Janney, Elstner Associates, Inc.
H. Salim	University of Missouri-Columbia
T. Samiappan	ITW Building Component Group, Inc.
B. W. Schafer	Johns Hopkins University
N. Schillaci	ArcelorMittal Dofasco
K. Schroeder	DEVCO Engineering Inc.
W. E. Schultz	Nucor Vulcraft
R. M. Schuster	Consultant
J. Sears	Kirkpatrick Forest Curtis PC
M. Seek	Old Dominion University
F. Sesma	California Expanded Metal Products
Y. Shifferaw	Drexel University
W. L. Shoemaker	Metal Building Manufacturers Association
K. S. Sivakumaran	McMaster University
M. Sommerstein	M&H Engineering
T. Sputo	Steel Deck Institute
M. Tancredi	Ferroeng Group Inc.
N. A. Tapata	Simpson Strong-Tie
C. R. Taraschuk	National Research Council Canada
D. D. Tobler	American Buildings Company
T. W. J. Trestain	T. W. J. Trestain Structural Engineering
C. M. Uang	University of California at San Diego
P. Versavel	Behlen Industries LP
L. Vieira	University of New Haven
R. B. Vincent	Consultant
D. P. Watson	B C Steel Buildings
M. Winarta	New Millennium Building Systems
K. L. Wood	K. L. Wood Engineering
L. Xu	University of Waterloo
C. Yu	University of North Texas
R. Zadeh	Steel Stud Manufacturers Association

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
A	Full unreduced <i>cross-sectional area</i> of member	A1.3, C3.1.2.1, C4.1.2, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, C4.1.5, D6.1.3, D6.1.4, 2.2.3
$A_b$	$b_1t + A_s$ , for bearing stiffener at interior support and or under concentrated load, and $b_2t + A_s$ , for bearing stiffeners at end support	C3.7.1
$A_b$	Gross <i>cross-sectional area</i> of bolt	E3.4
$A_c$	$18t^2 + A_s$ , for bearing stiffener at interior support or under concentrated load, and $10t^2 + A_s$ , for bearing stiffeners at end support	C3.7.1
$A_e$	<i>Effective area</i> at stress $F_n$	A1.3, C3.7.1, C3.7.2, C4.1, C4.1.2, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, C4.1.5
$A_e$	<i>Effective net area</i>	E6.2
$A_f$	<i>Cross-sectional area</i> of compression <i>flange</i> plus edge stiffener	C3.1.4
$A_g$	<i>Gross area</i> of element including stiffeners	B5.1
$A_g$	<i>Gross area</i> of cross-section	A1.3, C2.1, C4.2, E6.2, 1.2.1.1.1
$A_{gv}$	<i>Gross area</i> subject to shear	E6.3
$A_{nt}$	<i>Net area</i> subject to tension	E6.2, E6.3
$A_{nv}$	<i>Net area</i> subject to shear	E6.1, E6.3
$A_n$	<i>Net area</i> of cross-section	A1.3, C2.2
$A_{net}$	<i>Net area</i> of cross-section at the location of a hole	1.2.1.2.2
$A_o$	Reduced area due to <i>local buckling</i>	C4.1.5
$A_p$	Gross <i>cross-sectional area</i> of roof panel per unit width	D6.3.1
$A_s$	<i>Cross-sectional area</i> of bearing stiffener	C3.7.1
$A_s$	<i>Gross area</i> of stiffener	B5.1
$A_{st}$	<i>Gross area</i> of shear stiffener	C3.7.3
$A_t$	Net tensile area	G4
$A_w$	Area of <i>web</i>	C3.2.1, 1.2.2.2
a	Shear panel length of unreinforced <i>web</i> element, or distance between shear stiffeners of reinforced <i>web</i> elements	C3.2.1, C3.7.3
a	Intermediate fastener or spot weld spacing	D1.2
a	Fastener distance from outside <i>web</i> edge	D6.1.3
a	Length of bracing interval	D3.2.1
a	Major diameter of the tapered <i>PAF</i> head	E5, E5.2.3
$B_c$	Term for determining tensile <i>yield stress</i> of corners	A7.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
b	<i>Effective design width</i> of compression element	B2.1, B2.2, B3.1, B3.2, B4
b	<i>Flange width</i>	D6.1.3, D6.3.1
b <sub>d</sub>	<i>Effective width</i> for deflection calculation	B2.1, B2.2, B3.1, B3.2, B4, B5.2
b <sub>e</sub>	<i>Effective width</i> of elements, located at centroid of element including stiffeners	B5.1
b <sub>e</sub>	<i>Effective width</i>	B2.3
b <sub>e</sub>	<i>Effective width</i> determined either by Section B4 or Section B5.1, depending on stiffness of stiffeners	B5.2
b <sub>o</sub>	Out-to-out width of compression <i>flange</i> as defined in Figure B2.3-2	B2.3
b <sub>o</sub>	Overall width of unstiffened element as defined in Figure B3.2-3	B3.2
b <sub>o</sub>	Total <i>flat width</i> of stiffened element	B5.1
b <sub>o</sub>	Total <i>flat width</i> of edge-stiffened element	B5.2, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2
b <sub>p</sub>	Largest sub-element <i>flat width</i>	B5.1
b <sub>t</sub>	Hat or trapezoid shape stiffener over all width	1.1.1.2
b <sub>1</sub> , b <sub>2</sub>	<i>Effective widths</i>	B2.3, B2.4
b <sub>1</sub> , b <sub>2</sub>	<i>Effective widths</i> of bearing stiffeners	C3.7.1
C	For compression members, ratio of total corner <i>cross-sectional area</i> to total <i>cross-sectional area</i> of full section; for flexural members, ratio of total corner <i>cross-sectional area</i> of controlling <i>flange</i> to full <i>cross-sectional area</i> of controlling <i>flange</i>	A7.2
C	Coefficient	C3.4.1
C	Bearing factor	E3.3.1
C <sub>b</sub>	Bending coefficient dependent on moment gradient	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2
C <sub>f</sub>	Constant from Table G1	G1, G3, G4
C <sub>h</sub>	<i>Web</i> slenderness coefficient	C3.4.1
C <sub>m</sub>	End moment coefficient in interaction formula	C5.2.1, C5.2.2
C <sub>mx</sub>	End moment coefficient in interaction formula	C5.2.1, C5.2.2, 2.1
C <sub>my</sub>	End moment coefficient in interaction formula	C5.2.1, C5.2.2, 2.1
C <sub>N</sub>	Bearing length coefficient	C3.4.1
C <sub>p</sub>	Correction factor	F1.1, 1.1.1.1
C <sub>R</sub>	Inside bend radius coefficient	C3.4.1
C <sub>s</sub>	Coefficient for <i>lateral-torsional buckling</i>	C3.1.2.1
C <sub>TF</sub>	End moment coefficient in interaction formula	C3.1.2.1
C <sub>v</sub>	Shear stiffener coefficient	C3.7.3
C <sub>w</sub>	Torsional warping constant of cross-section	C3.1.2.1

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$C_{wf}$	Torsional warping constant of <i>flange</i>	C3.1.4, C4.2
$C_y$	Compression strain factor	C3.1.1
$C_{yd}$	Compression strain factor	1.2.2.1.3.2
$C_{y\ell}$	Compression strain factor	1.2.2.1.2.2
$C_{yt}$	Ratio of maximum tension strain to yield strain	1.2.2.1.2.2
$C_1, C_2,$ $C_3$	Axial <i>buckling</i> coefficients	D6.1.3
C1 to C6	Coefficients tabulated in Tables D6.3.1-1 to D6.3.1-3	D6.3.1
$C_\phi$	Calibration coefficient	F1.1
$c$	Strip of <i>flat width</i> adjacent to hole	B2.2
$c$	Distance	C3.2.2
$c_f$	Amount of curling displacement	B1.1
$c_i$	Horizontal distance from edge of element to centerline of stiffener	B5.1, B5.1.2
D	Outside diameter of cylindrical tube	C3.1.3, C4.1.5
D	Overall depth of lip	B1.1, B2.5, B4, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2
D	Shear stiffener coefficient	C3.7.3
D	Dead load	A3.1, A6.1.2
DS	Width of <i>web</i> stiffener	1.1.1.2
$D_2, D_3$	Lip dimension	1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2
$d$	Depth of section	B1.1, B2.5, C3.1.2.1, C3.4.1, C3.4.2, C3.7.2, D3.2.1, D6.1.1, D6.1.3, D6.1.4, D6.3.1, D6.3.2
$d$	Nominal screw diameter	E4, E4.1, E4.2, E4.3.1, E4.4.1, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.1.2, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.2.2
$d$	Flat depth of lip defined in Figure B4-1	B4
$d$	Visible width of arc seam weld	E2.3.1, E2.3.2.1, E2.3.2.2
$d$	Visible diameter of outer surface of arc spot weld	E2.2.1, E2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.2.4
$d$	Nominal bolt diameter	E3, E3.1, E3.2, E3.3.1, E6.2
$d$	Fastener diameter measured at near side of embedment or $d_s$ for <i>PAF</i> installed such that entire point is located behind far side of the embedment material	E5, E5.2.1, E5.3.1
$d_a$	Average diameter of arc spot weld at mid-thickness of $t$	E2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.2.3, E2.2.4
$d_a$	Average width of seam weld	E2.3.2.1, E2.3.2.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$d_{ae}$	Average embedded diameter, computed as average of installed fastener diameters measured at near side and far side of embedment material or $d_s$ for <i>PAF</i> installed such that entire point is located behind far side of embedment material	E5, E5.3.3
$d_b$	Nominal diameter (body or shank diameter)	G4
$d_e$	Effective diameter of fused area	E2.2, E2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.2.3
$d_e$	<i>Effective width</i> of arc seam weld at fused surfaces	E2.3.2.1
$d_h$	Diameter of hole	B2.2, E6.1, E6.2
$d_h$	Depth of hole	B2.2, B2.4, C3.2.2, C3.4.2
$d_h$	Screw head diameter or hex washer head integral washer diameter	E4, E4.4, E4.4.2
$d_{p,i,j}$	Distance along roof slope between the <i>i</i> th <i>purlin</i> line and the <i>j</i> th anchorage device	D6.3.1
$d_s$	Reduced <i>effective width</i> of stiffener	B2.5, B4
$d_s$	Depth of stiffener	1.1.1.2
$d_s$	Nominal shank diameter	E5, E5.1, E5.2.3, E5.3.2, E5.3.3, E5.3.4, E5.3.4
$d'_s$	<i>Effective width</i> of stiffener calculated according to B3.1	B4
$d_w$	Steel washer diameter	E4, E4.4, E4.4.2
$d_w$	Larger value of screw head or washer diameter	E4.5.1.1, E4.5.1.2
$d'_w$	Effective pull-over resistance diameter	E4, E4.4.2
$d'_w$	Actual diameter of washer or fastener head in contact with retained substrate	E5, E5.2.3
$d_1, d_2$	Weld offset from flush condition	E2.6
E	Modulus of elasticity of steel, 29,500 ksi (203,000 MPa, or 2,070,000 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	A2.3.2, A2.3.3, B1.1, B2.1, B2.5, B4, B5.1, C3.1.1, C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C3.1.3, C3.1.4, C3.2.1, C3.5.1, C3.5.2, C3.7.1, C3.7.3, C4.1.1, C4.1.5, C4.2, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, D1.3, D6.1.3, D6.3.1, E2.2.2.1, E5.3.3, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2, 2.2.3
E	Live load due to earthquake	A3.1, A6.1.2, A6.1.2.1
E*	Reduced modulus of elasticity for flexural and axial stiffness in <i>second-order analysis</i>	2.2.3
e	<i>Flat width</i> between first line of connector and edge stiffener	B2.5

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$e_{net}$	Clear distance between end of material and edge of fastener hole or weld	E6.1
$e_{sx}$ , $e_{sy}$	Eccentricities of load components measured from the shear center and in the x- and y- directions, respectively	D3.2.1
$e_y$	Yield strain = $F_y/E$	C3.1.1
F	Fabrication factor	F1.1
$F_{bs}$	Base <i>stress</i> parameter (66,000 psi (455 MPa))	E5, E5.2.1
$F_{SR}$	Design <i>stress</i> range	G3
$F_{TH}$	Threshold <i>fatigue stress</i> range	G1, G3, G4
$F_c$	Critical <i>buckling stress</i>	B2.1, B2.5, C3.1.2.1, C3.1.3
$F_{cr}$	Plate elastic <i>buckling stress</i>	A2.3.2, B2.1, B2.5, B5.1
$F_d$	Elastic <i>distortional buckling stress</i>	C3.1.4, C4.2
$F_e$	Elastic <i>buckling stress</i>	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C4.1, C4.1.1, C4.1.2, C4.1.3, C4.1.4, C4.1.5
$F_m$	Mean value of fabrication factor	D6.2.1, F1.1
$F_n$	Nominal <i>buckling stress</i>	B2.1, C4.1, C5.2.1, C5.2.2
$F_n$	<i>Nominal strength</i> of bolts	E3.4
$F_{nt}$	<i>Nominal tensile strength</i> of bolts	E3.4
$F_{nv}$	<i>Nominal shear strength</i> of bolts	E3.4
$F'_{nt}$	<i>Nominal tensile strength</i> for bolts subject to combination of shear and tension	E3.4
$F_{sy}$	<i>Yield stress</i> as specified in Section A2.1 or A2.2	A2.3.2, A2.3.3, A2.3.4, E2.4.1
$F_u$	<i>Tensile strength</i> as specified in Section A2.1 or A2.2	A2.3.2, A2.3.3, C2.2, 2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.2.3, E2.2.4, E2.3.2.1, E2.3.2.2, E2.4.1, E2.6, E3.3.1, E3.3.2, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.2.2, E6.1, E6.2, E6.3
$F_{uh}$	<i>Tensile strength</i> of hardened PAF steel	E5, E5.2.1, E5.3.1
$F_{uv}$	<i>Tensile strength</i> of virgin steel specified by Section A2 or established in accordance with Section F3.3	A7.2
$F_{ut}$	<i>Tensile strength</i> of non-hardened PAF steel	E5
$F_{u1}$ , $F_{u2}$	<i>Tensile strengths</i> of connected parts corresponding to thicknesses $t_1$ and $t_2$	E2.5
$F_{u1}$	<i>Tensile strength</i> of member in contact with screw head	E4, E4.3.1, E4.4.2, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.1.2
$F_{u1}$	<i>Tensile strength</i> of member in contact with PAF head or washer	E5, E5.2.3, E5.3.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$F_{u2}$	Tensile strength of member not in contact with screw head	E4, E4.3.1, E4.4.1, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.2.2
$F_{u2}$	Tensile strength of member not in contact with PAF head or washer	E5
$F_{wy}$	Lower value of $F_y$ for beam <i>web</i> or $F_{ys}$ for bearing stiffeners	C3.7.1
$F_{xx}$	Tensile strength of electrode classification	E2.1, E2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.2.3, E2.2.4, E2.3.2.1, E2.3.2.2, E2.4.1, E2.5, E2.6
$F_y$	Yield stress used for design, not to exceed specified yield stress or established in accordance with Section F3, or as increased for cold work of forming in Section A7.2 or as reduced for low ductility steels in Section A2.3	A2.3.3, A2.3.4, A7.1, A7.2, B2.1, B2.5, C2.1, C3.1.1, C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C3.1.3, C3.2.1, C3.4.1, C3.5.1, C3.5.2, C3.7.1, C3.7.2, C3.7.3, C4.1, C4.1.2, C4.1.5, C C4.2, 5.1.2, C5.1.1, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, D1.3, D6.1.1, D6.1.2, D6.1.4, E2.1, E2.2.4, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.2.2, E6.3, G1, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2, 1.2.1.1.1, 1.2.1.2.2, 1.2.2.1.1.1, 1.2.2.1.1.2, 1.2.2.1.2.1.2, 1.2.2.2, 2.2.3
$F_{ya}$	Average yield stress of section	A7.2
$F_{yc}$	Tensile yield stress of corners	A7.2
$F_{yf}$	Weighted average tensile yield stress of flat portions	A7.2, F3.2
$F_{ys}$	Yield stress of stiffener steel	C3.7.1
$F_{yv}$	Tensile yield stress of virgin steel specified by Section A2 or established in accordance with Section F3.3	A7.2
$F_{y2}$	Yield stress of $t_2$ sheet steel	E5, E5.3.3
$f$	Stress in compression element computed on basis of effective design width	B2.1, B2.2, B2.4, B2.5, B3.1, B3.2, B4, B5.1, B5.1.1, B5.1.2, B5.2
$f'$	Stress used in Section B4(a) for determining effective width of edge stiffener	B2.5
$f_{av}$	Average computed stress in full unreduced flange width	B1.1
$f_c$	Stress at service load in cover plate or sheet	D1.3
$f_{bending}$	Bending stress at location in cross section where combined bending and torsion stress is maximum	C3.6
$f_{bending\_max}$	Bending stress at extreme fiber, taken on same side of neutral axis as $f_{bending}$	C3.6

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$f_{\text{torsion}}$	Torsional warping stress at location in cross section where combined bending and torsion stress effect is maximum	C3.6
$f_d$	Computed compressive <i>stress</i> in element being considered. Calculations are based on effective section at load for which deflections are determined.	B2.1, B2.2, B2.5, B3.1, B4, B5.1.1, B5.1.2, B5.2
$f_{d1}, f_{d2}$	Computed <i>stresses</i> $f_1$ and $f_2$ as shown in Figure B2.3-1. Calculations are based on effective section at load for which serviceability is determined.	B2.3
$f_{d1}, f_{d2}$	Computed <i>stresses</i> $f_1$ and $f_2$ in unstiffened element, as defined in Figures B3.2-1 to B3.2-3. Calculations are based on effective section at load for which serviceability is determined.	B3.2
$f_v$	Required shear <i>stress</i> on a bolt	E3.4
$f_1, f_2$	<i>Web stresses</i> defined by Figure B2.3-1	B2.3, B2.4
$f_1, f_2$	<i>Stresses</i> on unstiffened element defined by Figures B3.2-1 to B3.2-3	B3.2
$f_1, f_2$	<i>Stresses</i> at the opposite ends of <i>web</i>	C3.1.4
G	Shear modulus of steel, 11,300 ksi (78,000 MPa or 795,000 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C3.1.4
GS	Center-to-center spacing of flat widths plus two interior stiffeners	1.1.1.2
g	Vertical distance between two rows of connections nearest to top and bottom <i>flanges</i>	D1.1
g	Transverse center-to-center spacing between fastener gage lines	E6.2
H	A <i>permanent load</i> due to lateral earth pressure, including groundwater	A3.1, A3.2
HRC <sub>p</sub>	Rockwell C hardness of <i>PAF</i> steel	E5, E5.2.1
h	Depth of flat portion of <i>web</i> measured along plane of <i>web</i>	B1.2, B2.4, C3.1.1, C3.2.1, C3.2.2, C3.4.1, C3.4.2, C3.5.1, C3.5.2, C3.7.3, 1.2.2.2
h	Width of elements adjoining stiffened element	B5.1
h	Height of lip	E2.6
h <sub>o</sub>	Out-to-out depth of <i>web</i>	B2.3, C3.1.4, C4.2, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2
h <sub>o</sub>	Overall depth of unstiffened C-section member as defined in Figure B3.2-3	B3.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$h_s$	Depth of soil supported by the structure	A6.1.2
$h_{st}$	Nominal seam height	E2.4.1
$h_{wc}$	Coped flat <i>web</i> depth	E6.1
$h_{xf}$	x distance from centroid of <i>flange</i> to <i>flange/web</i> junction	C3.1.4
$I_E$	Importance factor for earthquake	A6.1.2.2
$I_S$	Importance factor for snow	A6.1.2.2
$I_W$	Importance factor for wind	A6.1.2.2
$I_a$	Adequate moment of inertia of stiffener, so that each component element will behave as a stiffened element	B1.1, B2.5, B4
$I_{eff}$	Effective moment of inertia	1.1.3
$I_g$	Gross moment of inertia	1.1.3
$I_s$	Actual moment of inertia of full stiffener about its own centroidal axis parallel to element to be stiffened	B1.1, B4, C3.7.3
$I_{smin}$	Minimum moment of inertia of shear stiffener(s) with respect to an axis in plane of <i>web</i>	C3.7.3
$I_{sp}$	Moment of inertia of stiffener about centerline of flat portion of element	B5.1, B5.1.1, B5.1.2
$I_x, I_y$	Moment of inertia of full unreduced section about principal axis	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, D3.2.1, D6.3.1
$I_{xf}$	x-axis moment of inertia of the <i>flange</i>	C3.1.4, C4.2
$I_{xy}$	Product of inertia of full unreduced section about major and minor centroidal axes	D3.2.1, D6.3.1
$I_{xyf}$	Product of inertia of <i>flange</i> about major and minor centroidal axes	C3.1.4, C4.2
$I_{yc}$	Moment of inertia of compression portion of section about centroidal axis of entire section parallel to <i>web</i> , using full unreduced section	C3.1.2.1
$I_{yf}$	y-axis moment of inertia of <i>flange</i>	C3.1.4, C4.2
$i$	Index of stiffener	B5.1, B5.1.2
$i$	Index of each <i>purlin</i> line	D6.3.1
$J$	Saint-Venant torsion constant	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2
$J_f$	Saint-Venant torsion constant of compression <i>flange</i> , plus edge stiffener about an x-y axis located at the centroid of the <i>flange</i>	C3.1.4
$j$	Section property for <i>torsional-flexural buckling</i>	C3.1.2.1
$j$	Index for each anchorage device	D6.3.1

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
K	Effective length factor	C4.1.1, D1.2
K'	Constant	D3.2.1
K <sub>a</sub>	Lateral stiffness of anchorage device	D6.3.1
K <sub>af</sub>	Parameter for determining axial strength of Z-section member having one <i>flange</i> fastened to sheathing	D6.1.4
K <sub>eff,i,j</sub>	Effective lateral stiffness of jth anchorage device with respect to ith <i>purlin</i>	D6.3.1
K <sub>req</sub>	Required stiffness	D6.3.1
K <sub>sys</sub>	Lateral stiffness of roof system, neglecting anchorage devices	D6.3.1
K <sub>t</sub>	Effective length factor for torsion	C3.1.2.1
K <sub>total,i</sub>	Effective lateral stiffness of all elements resisting force P <sub>i</sub>	D6.3.1
K <sub>x</sub>	Effective length factor for <i>buckling</i> about x-axis	C3.1.2.1, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, 2.1
K <sub>y</sub>	Effective length factor for <i>buckling</i> about y-axis	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, 2.1
KL	Effective length	A2.3.2
k	Plate <i>buckling</i> coefficient	B2.1, B2.2, B2.3, B2.5, B3.1, B3.2, B4, B5.1, B5.2
k <sub>d</sub>	Plate <i>buckling</i> coefficient for <i>distortional buckling</i>	B5.1, B5.1.1, B5.1.2
k <sub>loc</sub>	Plate <i>buckling</i> coefficient for local sub-element <i>buckling</i>	B5.1, B5.1.1, B5.1.2
k <sub>v</sub>	<i>Shear buckling</i> coefficient	C3.2.1, C3.7.3
k <sub>φ</sub>	Rotational stiffness	C3.1.4, C4.2
k <sub>φfe</sub>	Elastic rotational stiffness provided by <i>flange</i> to <i>flange/web</i> juncture	C3.1.4, C4.2
$\tilde{k}_{\phi fg}$	Geometric rotational stiffness demanded by <i>flange</i> from <i>flange/web</i> juncture	C3.1.4, C4.2
k <sub>φwe</sub>	Elastic rotational stiffness provided by <i>web</i> to <i>flange/web</i> juncture	C3.1.4, C4.2
$\tilde{k}_{\phi wg}$	Geometric rotational stiffness demanded by the <i>web</i> from the <i>flange/web</i> juncture	C3.1.4, C4.2
L	Full span for simple beams, distance between inflection point for continuous beams, twice member length for cantilever beams	B1.1
L	Span length	D1.1, D6.3.1, D6.3.2
L	Length of weld	E2.1, E2.6
L	Length of longitudinal weld or length of <i>connection</i>	E6.2
L	Length of seam weld not including circular ends	E2.3.2.1

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
L	Length of fillet weld	E2.5
L	Unbraced length of member	C4.1.1, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, D1.2
L	Overall length	2.2.1
L	Live load	A3.1, A6.1.2, A6.1.2.1
L	Minimum of $L_{cr}$ and $L_m$	C3.1.4, C4.2
$L_b$	Distance between braces on individual concentrically loaded compression member to be braced	D3.3
$L_{br}$	Unsupported length between brace points or other restraints which restrict <i>distortional buckling</i> of element	B5.1, B5.1.1, B5.1.2
$L_{cr}$	Critical unbraced length of <i>distortional buckling</i>	C3.1.4, C4.2
$L_h$	Length of hole	B2.2, B2.4, C3.2.2, C3.4.2
$L_m$	Distance between discrete restraints that restrict distortional buckling	C3.1.4, C4.2
$L_o$	Overhang length measured from the edge of bearing to the end of member	C3.4.1
$L_{st}$	Length of bearing stiffener	C3.7.1
$L_t$	Unbraced length of compression member for torsion	C3.1.2.1
$L_u$	Limit of unbraced length below which lateral-torsional buckling is not considered	C3.1.2.2
$L_w$	Length of <i>top arc seam sidelay weld</i>	E2.4.1
$L_x$	Unbraced length of compression member for bending about x-axis	C3.1.2.1, C5.2.1, C5.2.2
$L_y$	Unbraced length of compression member for bending about y-axis	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C5.2.1, C5.2.2
$L_0$	Length at which <i>local buckling stress</i> equals <i>flexural buckling stress</i>	A2.3.2
$l$	Distance from concentrated load to a brace	D3.2.1
$l_{dp}$	PAF point length	E5, E5.2.1, E5.2.2, E5.3.1, E5.3.2
M	<i>Required allowable flexural strength, ASD</i>	C3.3.1, C3.5.1
M	Bending moment	1.1.3
$M_{crd}$	Distortional buckling moment	C3.1.4, 1.1.2, 1.2.2.3, 1.2.2.1.3.1.1, 1.2.2.1.3.1.2
$M_{cre}$	Overall buckling moment	1.1.2, 1.2.2.1, 1.2.2.1.1.1.1, 1.2.2.1.1.1.2, 1.2.2.1.1.2
$M_{cr\ell}$	<i>Local buckling moment</i>	1.1.2, 1.2.2.1.2.1.1, 1.2.2.1.2.2
$M_d$	Nominal moment with consideration of deflection	1.1.3

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$M_{d2}$	Nominal flexural strength [resistance] of distortional buckling at $\lambda_2$	1.2.2.1.3.2
$M_f$	Moment due to factored loads	C3.3.2
$M_{fx}, M_{fy}$	Moments due to factored loads with respect to centroidal axes	C4.1, C5.1.2, C5.2.2
$M_m$	Mean value of material factor	D6.2.1, F1.1
$M_{max}, M_A, M_B,$	Absolute value of moments in unbraced segment, used for determining $C_b$	C3.1.2.1
$M_C$		
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength [resistance]	B2.1, C3.1, C3.1.1, C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C3.1.3, C3.1.4, C3.3.1, C3.3.2, D6.1.1, D6.1.2, 1.1.1, 1.1.3, 1.2.2.1
$M_{nd}$	Nominal flexural strength [resistance] for distortional buckling	1.2.2.1, 1.2.2.3, 1.2.2.1.3.1.1, 1.2.2.1.3.1.2, 1.2.2.1.3.2
$M_{ne}$	Nominal flexural strength [resistance] for overall buckling	1.2.2.1, 1.2.2.1, 1.2.2.1.1, 1.2.2.1.1.1.1, 1.2.2.1.1.1.2, 1.2.2.1.1.2, 1.2.2.1.2.1.1, 1.2.2.1.2.2, 1.2.2.3
$M_{n\ell}$	Nominal flexural strength [resistance] for local buckling	1.2.2.1, 1.2.2.1.2, 1.2.2.1.2.1.1, 1.2.2.1.2.1.2, 1.2.2.1.2.2
$M_{n\ell o}$	Nominal flexural strength [resistance] for local buckling with $M_{ne}=M_y$	1.2.2.3
$M_{nx}, M_{ny}$	Nominal flexural strengths [resistances] about centroidal axes determined in accordance with Section C3	C5.1.1, C5.1.2, C5.2.1, C5.2.2
$M_{nxo}, M_{nyo}$	Nominal flexural strengths [resistances] about centroidal axes determined in accordance with Section C3.1, excluding provisions of Section C3.1.2	C3.3.1, C3.3.2, C3.5.1, C3.5.2, 1.2.2.3
$M_{nxt}, M_{nyt}$	Nominal flexural strengths [resistances] about centroidal axes determined using gross, unreduced cross-section properties	C5.1.1, C5.1.2
$M_p$	Plastic moment	1.2.2.1.1.2, 1.2.2.1.2.2, 1.2.2.1.3.2
$M_x, M_y$	Required allowable flexural strength with respect to centroidal axes for ASD	C4.1, C5.1.1, C5.2.1
$M_u$	Required flexural strength for LRFD	C3.3.2, C3.5.2
$M_{ux}, M_{uy}$	Required flexural strength with respect to centroidal axes for LRFD	C4.1, C5.1.2, C5.2.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$M_y$	Moment causing maximum strain $e_y$	B2.1
$M_y$	Yield moment ( $=S_f F_y$ )	C3.1.4, 1.1.3, 1.2.2.1.1.1.1, 1.2.2.1.2.1.2, 1.2.2.1.2.2, 1.2.2.1.3.1.1, 1.2.2.1.3.1.2, 1.2.2.1.3.2, 1.2.2.3
$M_{yc}$	Moment at which yielding initiates in compression (after yielding in tension).	1.2.2.1.2.2, 1.2.2.1.3.2
$M_{ynet}$	Yield moment of net cross-section	1.2.2.1.2.1.2, 1.2.2.1.3.1.2
$M_{yt3}$	Yield moment at maximum tensile strain	1.2.2.1.2.1.2, 1.2.2.1.3.1.2
$M_1$	Smaller end moment in an unbraced segment	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.4, C5.2.1, C5.2.2
$M_2$	Larger end moment in an unbraced segment	C3.1.2.1, C3.1.4, C5.2.1, C5.2.2
$\bar{M}$	<i>Required flexural strength</i> [moment due to factored loads]	C3.3.2, C3.5.2
$\bar{M}_x, \bar{M}_y$	<i>Required flexural strengths</i> [moments due to factored loads]	C4.1, C5.1.2
$M_z$	Torsional moment of required load P about shear center	D3.2.1
m	Degrees of freedom	F1.1
m	Term for determining tensile yield point of corners	A7.2
m	Distance from shear center of one C-section to mid-plane of <i>web</i>	D1.1, D3.2.1, D6.3.1
$m_f$	Modification factor for type of bearing <i>connection</i>	E3.3.1
N	Actual length of bearing	C3.4.1, C3.4.2, C3.5.1, C3.5.2
N	Number of <i>stress</i> range fluctuations in design life	G3
$N_a$	Number of anchorage devices along a line of anchorage	D6.3.1
$N_i$	Notional lateral load applied at level i	2.2.4
$N_p$	Number of <i>purlin</i> lines on roof slope	D6.3.1
n	Coefficient	B4
n	Number of stiffeners	B5.1, B5.1.1, B5.1.2, 1.1.1.2
n	Number of tests	F1.1
n	Number of equally spaced intermediate brace locations	D3.3
n	Number of anchors in test assembly with same tributary area (for anchor failure), or number of panels with identical spans and loading to failed span (for non-anchor failure)	D6.2.1
n	Number of fasteners on critical cross-section	E6.1
n	Number of threads per inch	G4
$n_b$	Number of fasteners along failure path being analyzed	E6.1, E6.2
$n_c$	Number of compression <i>flange</i> stiffeners	1.1.1.2
$n_w$	Number of <i>web</i> stiffeners and/or folds	1.1.1.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$n_t$	Number of tension <i>flange</i> stiffeners	1.1.1.2
$P$	<i>Required allowable strength</i> for concentrated load reaction in presence of bending moment for ASD	C3.5.1
$P$	<i>Required allowable compressive axial strength</i> for ASD	A2.3.5, C5.2.1
$P$	Professional factor	F1.1, 1.1.1.1
$P$	Required concentrated load [ <i>factored load</i> ] within a distance of $0.3a$ on each side of a brace, plus $1.4(1-l/a)$ times each required concentrated load located farther than $0.3a$ but not farther than $1.0a$ from the brace	D3.2.1
$P_{d2}$	<i>Nominal axial strength [resistance]</i> of distortional buckling at $\lambda_2$	1.2.1.3.2
$P_{Ex}, P_{Ey}$	Elastic <i>buckling</i> strengths	C5.2.1, C5.2.2
$P_{L1}, P_{L2}$	Lateral bracing forces	D3.2.1
$P_{Lj}$	Lateral force to be resisted by the $j$ th anchorage device	D6.3.1
$P_{crd}$	<i>Distortional buckling</i> load	C4.2, 1.1.2, 1.2.1.3.1
$P_{cre}$	Overall <i>buckling</i> load	1.1.2, 1.2.1.1.1, 1.2.1.1.2
$P_{cr\ell}$	<i>Local buckling</i> load	1.1.2, 1.2.1.2.1
$P_f$	Axial force due to <i>factored loads</i>	A2.3.5, C5.2.2
$P_f$	Concentrated load or reaction due to <i>factored loads</i>	C3.5.2
$P_i$	Lateral force introduced into system at $i$ th <i>purlin</i>	D6.3.1
$P_m$	Mean value of tested-to-predicted load ratios	F1.1, 1.1.1.1
$P_n$	<i>Nominal web crippling strength [resistance]</i>	C3.4.1, C3.5.1, C3.5.2,
$P_n$	<i>Nominal axial strength [resistance]</i> of member	A2.3.5, C4.1, C4.2, C5.2.1, C5.2.2, D6.1.3, D6.1.4, 1.1.1, 1.2.1, 2.1
$P_n$	<i>Nominal axial strength [resistance]</i> of bearing stiffener	C3.7.1, C3.7.2
$P_n$	<i>Nominal strength [resistance]</i> of connection component	E2.1, E2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.2.3, E2.3.2.1, E2.3.2.2, E2.4.1, E2.5, E2.6, E2.7
$P_n$	<i>Nominal bearing strength [resistance]</i>	E3.3.1, E3.3.2
$P_n$	<i>Nominal bolt strength [resistance]</i>	E3.4
$P_{nbp}$	<i>Nominal bearing and tilting strength [resistance]</i> per PAF	E5, E5.3.2
$P_{nc}$	<i>Nominal web crippling strength [resistance]</i> of C- or Z-section with overhang(s)	C3.4.1
$P_{nd}$	<i>Nominal axial strength</i> for distortional buckling	1.2.1, 1.2.1.3.1, 1.2.1.3.2
$P_{ne}$	<i>Nominal axial strength [resistance]</i> for overall buckling	1.2.1, 1.2.1.1.1, 1.2.1.1.2, 1.2.1.2.1
$P_{n\ell}$	<i>Nominal axial strength [resistance]</i> for local buckling	1.2.1, 1.2.1.2.1, 1.2.1.2.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$P_{no}$	Nominal axial strength [resistance] of member determined in accordance with Section C4 with $F_n = F_y$	C5.2.1, C5.2.2
$P_{nos}$	Nominal pull-out strength [resistance] in shear per PAF	E5, E5.3.3
$P_{not}$	Nominal pull-out strength [resistance] of sheet per screw	E4, E4.4.1, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.2.2
$P_{not}$	Nominal pull-out strength [resistance] in tension per PAF	E5
$P_{nov}$	Nominal pull-over strength [resistance] of sheet per screw	E4, E4.4.2, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.1.2
$P_{nov}$	Nominal pull-over strength [resistance] per PAF	E5
$P_{ns}$	Nominal shear strength [resistance] of sheet per screw	E4, E4.3.1, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.1.2, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.2.2
$P_{ns}$	Nominal shear strength [resistance] given by Section E2.2.2	E2.2.4.1, E2.2.4.2
$P_{nsp}$	Nominal shear strength [resistance] per PAF	E5, E5.3.1
$P_{nt}$	Nominal tension strength [resistance] given by Section E2.2.3	E2.2.4.1, E2.2.4.2
$P_{ntp}$	Nominal tensile strength [resistance] per PAF	E5, E5.2.1
$P_{n1}, P_{n2}$	Nominal shear strength [resistance] corresponding to connected thicknesses $t_1$ and $t_2$	E2.5
$P_{ra}$	Required axial compressive strength [compressive axial force due to factored loads] using ASD, LRFD or LSD load combinations	2.2.3
$P_{ra}$	Required compressive axial strength [compressive axial force due to factored loads] of individual concentrically loaded compression member to be braced, which is calculated in accordance with ASD, LRFD, or LSD load combinations depending on the design method used	D3.3
$P_{rb}$	Required brace strength [brace force due to factored loads] to brace a single compression member with an axial load $P_{ra}$	D3.3
$P_s$	Concentrated load or reaction	D1.1
$P_{sp}$	Nominal shear strength [resistance] of PAF	E5
$P_{ss}$	Nominal shear strength [resistance] of screw as reported by manufacturer or determined by independent laboratory testing	E4, E4.3.2, E4.5.3.1, E4.5.3.2
$P_{tp}$	Nominal tensile strength [resistance] of PAF	E5
$P_{ts}$	Nominal tension strength [resistance] of screws as reported by manufacturer or determined by independent laboratory testing	E4, E4.4.3, E4.5.3.1, E4.5.3.2
$P_u$	Required axial strength for LRFD	A2.3.5, C5.2.2
$P_u$	Required strength for concentrated load or reaction in presence of bending moment for LRFD	C3.5.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$P_{wc}$	Nominal web crippling strength [resistance] for C-section flexural member	C3.7.2
$P_x, P_y$	Components of required load $P$ parallel to $x$ and $y$ axis, respectively	D3.2.1
$P_y$	Member yield strength	C4.2, 1.2.1.1.1, 1.2.1.3.1, 1.2.1.3.2, 2.2.3
$P_{ynet}$	Member yield strength on net cross-section	1.2.1.2.2, 1.2.1.3.2
$\bar{P}$	Required strength for concentrated load or reaction [concentrated load or reaction due to factored loads] in presence of bending moment	C3.5.2
$\bar{P}$	Required compressive axial strength [compressive axial force due to factored loads]	C5.2.2
PAF	Power-actuated fasteners	E5, E5.1, E5.2, E5.2.1, E5.2.2, E5.2.3, E5.3, E5.3.1, E5.3.2, E5.3.3, E5.3.4, E5.4, E6
$p$	Pitch (mm per thread for SI units and cm per thread for MKS units)	G4
$Q$	Required allowable shear strength per connection fastener	E2.2.4.1, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.3.1
$\bar{Q}$	Required shear strength [shear force due to factored loads] per connection fastener	E2.2.4.2, E4.5.1.2, E4.5.3.2
$Q_f$	Shear force due to factored loads per connection fastener for LSD	E2.2.4.2
$Q_i$	Load effect	F1.1
$Q_u$	Required shear strength per connection fastener for LRFD	E2.2.4.2
$q$	Design load [factored load] on beam for determining longitudinal spacing of connections	D1.1
$q_s$	Reduction factor	C3.2.2
$R$	Required allowable strength for ASD	A4.1.1
$R$	Modification factor	B5.1
$R$	Reduction factor	C3.6
$R$	Reduction factor	D6.1.1
$R$	Reduction factor determined in accordance with AISI S908	D6.1.2
$R$	Reduction factor determined from uplift tests in accordance with AISI S908	D6.1.4
$R$	Coefficient	C4.1.5

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
R	Inside bend radius	A7.2, C3.4.1, C3.5.1, C3.5.2
R	Radius of outside bend surface	E2.6
$R_I$	$I_s/I_a$	B4
$R_a$	<i>Allowable design strength</i>	F1.2
$R_b$	Reduction factor	A2.3.3
$R_c$	Reduction factor	C3.4.2
$R_f$	Effect of <i>factored loads</i>	A6.1.1
$R_n$	<i>Nominal strength [resistance]</i>	A4.1.1, A5.1.1, A6.1.1, F2
$R_n$	<i>Nominal block shear rupture strength [resistance]</i>	E6.3
$R_n$	Average value of all test results	F1.1, F1.2
$R_r$	Reduction factor	A2.3.2
$R_u$	<i>Required strength for LRFD</i>	A5.1.1
$R_1, R_2$	Radius of outside bend surface	E2.6
r	Correction factor	D6.1.1
r	Least radius of gyration of full unreduced cross-section	A2.3.2, C4.1.1, C4.1.2, D1.2
r	Centerline bend radius	1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2
$r_i$	Minimum radius of gyration of full unreduced cross-section	D1.2
$r_o$	Polar radius of gyration of cross-section about shear center	C3.1.2.1, C4.1.2
$r_x, r_y$	Radius of gyration of cross-section about centroidal principal axis	C3.1.2.1
S	$1.28\sqrt{E/f}$	B4, B5.2
S	<i>Variable load</i> due to snow, including ice and associated rain, or rain	A3.1, A6.1.2, A6.1.2.1
S	Stiffener spacing	1.1.1.2
$S_c$	Elastic section modulus of effective section calculated relative to extreme compression fiber at $F_c$	B2.1, C3.1.2.1
$S_e$	Elastic section modulus of effective section calculated relative to extreme compression or tension fiber at $F_y$	C3.1.1, D6.1.1, D6.1.2
$S_f$	Elastic section modulus of full unreduced section relative to extreme compression fiber	B2.1, C3.1.2.1, C3.1.2.2, C3.1.3, C3.1.4, 1.2.2.1.1.1.1
$S_{fnet}$	Net section modulus referenced to the extreme fiber in first yield	1.2.2.1.2.1.2
$S_{ft}$	Section modulus of full unreduced section relative to extreme tension fiber about appropriate axis	C5.1.1, C5.1.2
$S_{fy}$	Elastic section modulus of full unreduced cross-section relative to extreme fiber in first yielding	C3.1.4

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$S_n$	In-plane <i>diaphragm nominal shear strength</i> [ <i>resistance</i> ]	D5
$s$	Center-to-center hole spacing	B2.2
$s$	Center-to-center spacing of connectors in line of compression <i>stress</i>	B2.5
$s$	Spacing in line of <i>stress</i> of welds, rivets, or bolts connecting a compression cover plate or sheet to a non-integral stiffener or other element	D1.3
$s$	Sheet width divided by number of bolt holes in cross-section being analyzed	E6.2
$s$	Weld spacing	D1.1
$s'$	Longitudinal center-to-center spacing of any consecutive holes	E6.2
$s_{end}$	Clear distance from the hole at ends of member	B2.2
$s_{max}$	Maximum permissible longitudinal spacing of welds or other connectors joining two C-sections to form an I-section	D1.1
$T$	<i>Required allowable tensile axial strength</i> for ASD	C5.1.1
$T$	<i>Required allowable tension strength</i> per connection fastener	E2.2.4.1, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.3.1
$T$	Load due to contraction or expansion caused by temperature changes	A3.1, A3.2
$T_f$	Tension due to <i>factored loads</i> for LSD	C5.1.2
$T_f$	Factored tensile force per <i>connection</i> fastener for LSD	E2.2.4.2, E4.5.1.2, E4.5.3.2
$T_n$	<i>Nominal tensile strength</i> [ <i>resistance</i> ]	C2.1, C2.2, C5.1.1, C5.1.2
$T_n$	<i>Nominal tensile rupture strength</i> [ <i>resistance</i> ]	E6.2
$T_r$	<i>Required strength</i> [force due to <i>factored loads</i> ] for connection in tension	D1.1
$T_u$	<i>Required tensile axial strength</i> for LRFD	C5.1.2
$T_u$	<i>Required tension strength</i> per connection fastener for LRFD	E2.2.4.2, E4.5.1.2
$\bar{T}$	<i>Required tensile axial strength</i> [tensile force due to <i>factored loads</i> ]	C5.1.2
$\bar{T}$	<i>Required tension strength</i> [tensile force due to <i>factored loads</i> ] per connection fastener	E2.2.4.2, E4.5.1.2, E4.5.2.2, E4.5.3.2
$t$	Base steel <i>thickness</i> of any element or section	A1.3, A2.3.3, A2.4, A7.2, B1.1, B1.2, B2.1, B2.2, B2.4, B2.5, B3.2, B4, B5.1, B5.1.1, B5.1.2, B5.2, C3.1.1, C3.1.3, C3.1.4, C3.2.1, C3.2.2, C3.4.1, C3.4.2, C3.5.1, C3.5.2, C3.7.1, C3.7.3,

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
		C4.1.5, C4.2, D1.3, D6.1.3, D6.1.4, D6.3.1, E3.3.1, E3.3.2, E6.1, E6.2, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2
$t$	<i>Thickness of coped web</i>	E6.1
$t$	Total <i>thickness</i> of two welded sheets	E2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.2.3, E2.2.4, E2.3.2.1, E2.3.2.2
$t$	<i>Thickness of thinner connected sheet</i>	E2.4.1
$t$	<i>Thickness of thinnest connected part</i>	E2.5, E2.7
$t$	<i>Thickness of flare-bevel groove welded member</i>	E2.6
$t_c$	Lesser of depth of penetration and $t_2$	E4, E4.4.1, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.2.2
$t_e$	Effective throat dimension of groove weld	E2.1
$t_i$	Thickness of uncompressed glass fiber blanket insulation	D6.1.1
$t_s$	<i>Thickness of stiffener</i>	C3.7.1
$t_w$	Effective throat of weld	E2.5, E2.6
$t_w$	Steel washer thickness	E4.4.2, E5, E5.1
$t_{wf}$	Effective throat of groove weld that is filled flush to surface, determined in accordance with Table E2.6-1	E2.6
$t_1$	<i>Thickness of member in contact with screw head</i>	E4, E4.3.1, E4.4, E4.4.2, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.1.2
$t_1$	<i>Thickness of member in contact with PAF head or washer</i>	E5, E5.2.3, E5.3.2
$t_2$	<i>Thickness of member not in contact with screw head</i>	E4, E4.3.1, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.1.2, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.2.2
$t_2$	<i>Thickness of member not in contact with PAF head or washer</i>	E5, E5.3.2, E5.3.3
$t_1, t_2$	Based <i>thicknesses</i> connected with fillet weld	E2.5
$U_{bs}$	Non-uniform block shear factor	E6.3
$U_{s1}$	Shear lag factor determined in Table E6.2-1	E6.2
$V$	<i>Required allowable shear strength for ASD</i>	C3.3.1
$V_{cr}$	Shear buckling load	1.1.2, 1.2.2.2
$V_F$	Coefficient of variation of fabrication factor	D6.2.1, F1.1
$V_f$	Shear force due to <i>factored loads</i> for LSD	C3.3.2
$V_f$	Shear force due to <i>factored loads</i> per <i>connection</i> fastener for LSD	E4.5.1.2, E4.5.3.2
$V_M$	Coefficient of variation of material factor	D6.2.1, F1.1
$V_n$	<i>Nominal shear strength [resistance]</i>	C3.2.1, C3.3.1, C3.3.2, E6.1, 1.1.1, 1.2.2.2, 1.2.2.3

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$V_P$	Coefficient of variation of tested-to-predicted load ratios	D6.2.1, F1.1, 1.1.1.1
$V_Q$	Coefficient of variation of <i>load effect</i>	D6.2.1, F1.1
$V_y$	Yield shear force of section	1.2.2.2
$V_u$	<i>Required shear strength for LRFD</i>	C3.3.2
$V_u$	<i>Required shear strength per connection fastener for LRFD</i>	E4.5.1.2, E4.5.3.2
$\bar{V}$	<i>Required shear strength [shear force due to factored loads]</i>	C3.3.2
$W$	Wind load, a <i>variable load</i> due to wind	A3.1, A6.1.2, A6.1.2.1
$W$	<i>Required strength [factored load] from critical load combinations for ASD, LRFD, or LSD</i>	D3.2.1
$W_{pi}$	Total required vertical load supported by <i>ith purlin</i> in a single bay	D6.3.1
$W_x, W_y$	Components of <i>required strength [factored load] W</i>	D3.2.1
$WS$	Depth of stiffeners	1.1.1.2
$w$	<i>Flat width</i> of element exclusive of radii	A2.3.3, B1.1, B2.1, B2.2, B3.1, B3.2, B4, C3.1.1, C3.7.1
$w$	<i>Flat width</i> of element measured between longitudinal connection lines and exclusive of radii at stiffeners	B2.5
$w'$	Equivalent <i>flat width</i> for determining <i>effective width</i> of edge stiffener	B2.5
$w$	<i>Flat width</i> of beam <i>flange</i> which contacts bearing plate	C3.5.1, C3.5.2
$w$	<i>Flat width</i> of narrowest unstiffened compression element tributary to <i>connections</i>	D1.3
$w_f$	Width of <i>flange</i> projection beyond <i>web</i> for I-beams and similar sections; or half distance between <i>webs</i> for box- or U-type sections	B1.1
$w_f$	Face width of weld	E2.6
$w_i$	Required distributed gravity load supported by <i>ith purlin</i> per unit length	D6.3.1
$w_o$	Out-to-out width	B2.2
$w_1$	Leg of weld	E2.5
$w_1$	Transverse spacing between first and second line of fasteners in compression element	B2.5
$w_2$	Leg of weld	E2.5
$x$	Non-dimensional fastener location	D6.1.3
$x$	Nearest distance between <i>web</i> hole and edge of bearing	C3.4.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$x_o$	Distance from shear center to centroid along principal x-axis	C3.1.2.1, C4.1.2
$x_{of}$	x distance from centroid of <i>flange</i> to shear center of <i>flange</i>	C3.1.4, C4.2
$\bar{x}$	Distance from shear plane to centroid of cross-section	E6.2
$Y$	Yield stress of <i>web</i> steel divided by yield stress of stiffener steel	C3.7.3
$Y_i$	Gravity load from the <i>LRFD</i> or <i>LSD</i> load combinations or 1.6 times the <i>ASD</i> load combinations applied at level i	2.2.3, 2.2.4
$y_{of}$	y distance from centroid of <i>flange</i> to shear center of <i>flange</i>	C3.1.4
$Z_f$	Plastic section modulus	1.2.2.1.1.1.2
$\alpha$	Coefficient for <i>purlin</i> directions	D6.3.1
$\alpha$	Coefficient for conversion of units	D6.1.3, E3.3.2, G3
$\alpha$	<i>Load factor</i>	A1.2a
$\alpha$	Coefficient for strength increase due to overhang	C3.4.1
$\alpha$	Second-order amplification coefficient	2.2.3
$\alpha$	Coefficient	E5.2.3
$\alpha_b$	Coefficient	E5.3.2
$1/\alpha_x, 1/\alpha_y$	Magnification factors	C5.2.1, C5.2.2, 2.1
$\beta$	Coefficient	B5.1.1, B5.1.2, C4.1.2
$\beta$	A value accounting for moment gradient	C3.1.4
$\beta_o$	Target reliability index	D6.2.1, F1.1
$\beta_{rb}$	Minimum required brace stiffness to brace a single compression member	D3.3
$\gamma, \gamma_i$	Coefficients	B5.1.1, B5.1.2
$\gamma_i$	<i>Load factor</i>	F1.1
$\delta, \delta_i$	Coefficients	B5.1.1, B5.1.2
$\eta$	Variable	E2.6
$\theta$	Angle between vertical and plane of <i>web</i> of Z-section, degrees	D6.3.1
$\theta$	Angle between an element and its edge stiffener	B4, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$\theta_2, \theta_3$	Angle of segment of complex lip	1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2
$\lambda, \lambda_c$	Slenderness factors	B2.1, B2.2, B2.5, B3.2, B5.1, C3.1.1, C4.1, 1.2.1.1.1
$\lambda_1, \lambda_2,$ $\lambda_3, \lambda_4$	Parameters used in determining compression strain Factor	C3.1.1
$\lambda_\ell$	Slenderness factor	1.2.1.2.1, 1.2.2.1.2.1.1, 1.2.2.1.2.2
$\lambda_d$	Slenderness factor of column or beam	C3.1.4, C4.2, 1.2.1.3.1, 1.2.1.3.2, 1.2.2.1.3
$\lambda_{d1}, \lambda_{d2}$	Slenderness factors of column or beam	1.2.1.3.2, 1.2.2.1.3
$\lambda_t$	Slenderness factor	B2.5
$\lambda_v$	Slenderness factor	1.2.2.2
$\mu$	Poisson's ratio of steel = 0.30	B2.1, C3.2.1, C3.1.4, C4.2
$\xi_{web}$	<i>Stress gradient in web</i>	C3.1.4
$\rho$	Reduction factor	A7.2, B2.1, B2.5, B3.2, B5.1, F3.1
$\rho_m$	Reduction factor	B2.5
$\rho_t$	Reduction factor	B2.5
$\sigma_{ex}$	$(\pi^2 E)/(K_x L_x / r_x)^2$ $(\pi^2 E)/(L / r_x)^2$	C3.1.2.1
$\sigma_{ey}$	$(\pi^2 E)/(K_y L_y / r_y)^2$ $(\pi^2 E)/(L / r_y)^2$	C3.1.2.1
$\sigma_t$	<i>Torsional buckling stress</i>	C3.1.2.1, C4.1.2, C4.1.3
$\tau_b$	Parameter for reduced stiffness using second-order analysis	2.2.3
$\phi$	<i>Resistance factor</i>	A1.2, A1.3, A5.1.1, A6.1.1, D6.2.1, C3.5.2, C3.7.2, D3.3, D6.1.3, D6.3.1, D6.3.2, E2.1, E2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.2.3, E2.3.2.1, E2.3.2.2, E2.4.1, E2.5, E2.6, E2.7, E3.3.1, E3.3.2, E3.4, E4, E4.3.2, E4.4.3,

## SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Definition	Section
$\phi_b$	<i>Resistance factor for bending strength</i>	E4.5.1.2, E4.5.2.2, E4.5.3.2, E5.2.1, E5.2.2, E5.2.3, E5.3.1, E5.3.2, E5.3.3, E6, F1.1, F1.2, 1.1.1, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2, 1.2.1, 1.2.2.1 C3.1, C3.1.1, C3.1.2, C3.1.3, C3.1.4, C3.3.2, C3.5.2, C5.1.2, C5.2.2, D6.1.1, D6.1.2, 1.2.2.1
$\phi_c$	<i>Resistance factor for concentrically loaded compression strength</i>	A2.3.5, C3.7.1, C4.1, C4.2, C5.2.2, 1.2.1
$\phi_d$	<i>Resistance factor for diaphragms</i>	D5
$\phi_s$	<i>Resistance factor for shear strength</i>	E2.2.4.2
$\phi_t$	<i>Resistance factor for tension strength</i>	C2.1, C2.2, C5.1.2, E2.2.4.2
$\phi_u$	<i>Resistance factor for rupture</i>	E6
$\phi_v$	<i>Resistance factor for shear strength</i>	C3.2.1, C3.3.2, 1.2.2.2
$\phi_w$	<i>Resistance factor for web crippling strength</i>	C3.4.1, C3.5.2
$\omega_i$	Coefficient	B5.1.2
$\psi$	$ f_2/f_1 $	B2.3, B3.2, C3.1.1
$\Delta_{tf}$	Lateral displacement of <i>purlin top flange</i> at the line of restraint	D6.3.1
$\Omega$	<i>Safety factor</i>	A1.2, A1.3, A4.1.1, D6.2.1, C3.5.1, C3.7.2, D3.3, D6.1.3, D6.3.1, D6.3.2, E2.1, E2.2.2.1, E2.2.2.2, E2.3.2.1, E2.3.2.2, E2.4.1, E2.5, E2.6, E2.7, E3.3.1, E3.3.2, E3.4, E4, E4.3.2, E4.4.3, E4.5.1.1, E4.5.2.1, E4.5.3.1, E5.2.1, E5.2.2, E5.2.3, E5.3.1, E5.3.2, E5.3.3, E6, F1.2, 1.1.1, 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.2, 1.2.1, 1.2.2.1
$\Omega_b$	<i>Safety factor for bending strength</i>	C3.1, C3.1.1, C3.1.2, C3.1.3, C3.1.4, C3.3.1, C3.5.1, C5.1.1, C5.2.1, D6.1.1, D6.1.2, 1.2.2.1
$\Omega_c$	<i>Safety factor for concentrically loaded compression</i>	A2.3.5, C4.1, C4.2, C5.2.1, 1.2.1

**SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Definition</b>	<b>Section</b>
	strength	
$\Omega_c$	<i>Safety factor for bearing strength</i>	C3.7.1
$\Omega_d$	<i>Safety factor for diaphragms</i>	D5
$\Omega_s$	<i>Safety factor for shear strength</i>	E2.2.4.1
$\Omega_t$	<i>Safety factor for tension strength</i>	C2.1, C2.2, C5.1.1, E2.2.4.1
$\Omega_v$	<i>Safety factor for shear strength</i>	C3.2.1, C3.3.1, 1.2.2.2
$\Omega_w$	<i>Safety factor for web crippling strength</i>	C3.4.1, C3.5.1

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# NORTH AMERICAN SPECIFICATION FOR THE DESIGN OF COLD-FORMED STEEL STRUCTURAL MEMBERS

## A. GENERAL PROVISIONS

### A1 Scope, Applicability, and Definitions

#### A1.1 Scope

This *Specification* applies to the design of *structural members* cold-formed to shape from carbon or low-alloy steel sheet, strip, plate, or bar not more than 1 in. (25.4 mm) in *thickness* and used for *load-carrying* purposes in

- (a) Buildings, and
- (b) Structures other than buildings provided allowances are made for dynamic effects.

⇒A

#### A1.2 Applicability

This *Specification* includes Symbols and Definitions, Chapters A through G, Appendices A and B, and Appendices 1 and 2 that shall apply as follows:

- Appendix A – The United States and Mexico,
- Appendix B – Canada,
- Appendix 1 – Alternative design provisions for several sections of Chapter C, and
- Appendix 2 – Second-order analysis.

The symbol ⇒<sup>x</sup> is used to point out that additional provisions that are specific to a certain country are provided in the corresponding appendices indicated by the letter(s) “x.”

This *Specification* includes design provisions for *Allowable Strength Design (ASD)*, *Load and Resistance Factor Design (LRFD)*, and *Limit States Design (LSD)*. These design methods shall apply as follows:

- *ASD* and *LRFD* – The United States and Mexico, and
- *LSD* – Canada.

In this *Specification*, bracketed terms are equivalent terms that apply particularly to *LSD*.

The *nominal strength [resistance]* and stiffness of cold-formed steel components such as elements, members, assemblies, *connections*, and details shall be determined in accordance with the provisions in Chapters B through G, Appendices A and B, and Appendices 1 and 2 of the *Specification*.

Where the composition or configuration of the components is such that calculation of *available strength [factored resistance]* or stiffness cannot be made in accordance with those provisions, structural performance shall be established from one of the following:

- (a) *Available strength [factored resistance]* or stiffness by tests only. Specifically, the *available strength [factored resistance]* is determined from tested *nominal strength [resistance]* by applying the *safety factors* or the *resistance factors* evaluated in accordance with Section F1.1(a);
- (b) *Available strength [factored resistance]* by *rational engineering analysis* with verification tests. Specifically, the *available strength [factored resistance]* is determined from the calculated *nominal strength [resistance]* by applying the *safety factors* or *resistance factors* evaluated in